

# 2024年河东区初中毕业生学业考试第二次模拟测试

## 英语试卷

本试卷分为第I卷(选择题)和第II卷(非选择题)两部分。第I卷第1页至第9页,第II卷第10页至第12页。试卷满分120分。考试时间100分钟。


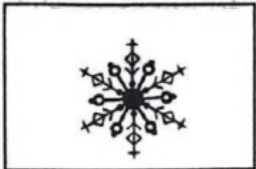




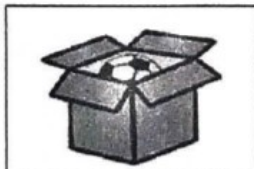





### 第I卷(选择题 共五大题 共80分)

注意事项:

1. 答第I卷前,考生务必先将自己的姓名、准考证号用黑色墨水的钢笔或签字笔填在“答题卡”上;然后再将准考证号、考试科目用2B铅笔涂在“答题卡”相对应的信息点上。
2. 每小题选出答案后,用2B铅笔把“答题卡”上对应题目的答案的序号的信息点涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案。
3. 用黑色墨水的钢笔或签字笔将II卷答案答在答题纸上。
4. 考试结束后,监考人员将答题纸和试卷一并收回。

#### 一、听力理解(本大题共20小题,每小题1分,满分20分)

A) 在下列每小题内,你将听到一个或两个句子并看到供选择的A、B、C三幅图画。找出与你所听句子内容相匹配的图画。

1.	 A.	 B.	 C.
2.	 A.	 B.	 C.
3.	 A.	 B.	 C.
4.	 A.	 B.	 C.



B) 下面你将听到十组对话，每组对话都有一个问題。根据对话内容，从每组所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中找出能回答所提问题的最佳选项。

5. When will the plane take off?  
A. At 10:20.                      B. At 10:40.                      C. At 20:10.
6. What was the boy's father doing?  
A. He was reading newspapers.  
B. He was working.  
C. He was watching TV.
7. How much money has the project got?  
A. More than 500, 000 yuan.  
B. More than 15,500,000 yuan.  
C. More than 50,150, 000 yuan.
8. What are they talking about?  
A. The morning.                      B. Reading.                      C. Learning English.
9. What can we learn from the dialogue?  
A. The man talked to a visitor just now.  
B. The woman told the visitor the way to the bus stop.  
C. The woman didn't know the way to the bus stop.
10. What would the woman like?  
A. An apple.                      B. An orange.                      C. A banana.
11. What will the man do?  
A. Smoke again.                      B. Stop smoking.                      C. Go fishing.
12. Who has brown hair?  
A. Anna.                      B. Anna's father.                      C. Anna's mother.
13. Why doesn't the man want more cakes?  
A. Because he is full.  
B. Because he doesn't like cakes.  
C. Because he wants to eat some bread.
14. Where will the beach party be?  
A. By the trees.                      B. By the boats.                      C. At the coffee shop.



C) 听下面长对话或独白。每段长对话或独白后都有几个问题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。

听下面一段材料，回答第 15 至第 17 题。

15. Why is John so excited?

- A. Because he will go for a trip next Friday.
- B. Because he will go to dinner with his friends next week.
- C. Because he will go to see his parents next week.

16. Where is John going next week?

- A. Hong Kong.
- B. The USA.
- C. England.

17. When is John going to leave?

- A. On June 29.
- B. On July 29.
- C. On July 19.

听下面一段材料，回答第 18 至第 20 题。

18. What does the game help you to do?

- A. To learn English.
- B. To do my homework.
- C. To answer questions.

19. What does the game begin with?

- A. A little boy playing computer games.
- B. A little girl sitting in the classroom.
- C. A little boy dreaming on the grass.

20. Where can we get the game?

- A. In a history book.
- B. At the police station.
- C. On the Internet.

## 二、单项填空 (本大题共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 15 分)

21. Our National Day is on \_\_\_\_\_, first day in \_\_\_\_\_ October.

- A. a; the
- B. the; a
- C. the; 不填
- D. a; 不填

22. —Bad luck! I forgot to take my homework. How can I tell my teacher?

—Come on, a bad \_\_\_\_\_ is better than none.

- A. apology
- B. excuse
- C. promise
- D. trust

23. —Do you know David is \_\_\_\_\_ cousin?

—Yes, and I am a friend of \_\_\_\_\_ . Nice to meet you.

- A. mine; him
- B. my; his
- C. mine; his
- D. my; him

24. There are \_\_\_\_\_ days in a week and Tuesday is \_\_\_\_\_ day of the week.

- A. seven; the third
- B. seven; third
- C. seventh; three
- D. the seventh; three

25. We are doing much better \_\_\_\_\_ English \_\_\_\_\_ our teacher's help.



A. in; at                      B. at ; in                      C. in; with                      D. with; with

26. —Lucy, I've signed for a big box by Express. What's in it?

—I'm not sure. It \_\_\_\_\_ be a present from my brother.

A. might                      B. must                      C. should                      D. will

27. The famous writer wrote many stories of love. But she \_\_\_\_\_ single all her life.

A. repeated                      B. remained                      C. realized                      D. required

28. We love to go to the country in spring as the flowers smell so \_\_\_\_\_.

A. well                      B. nice                      C. wonderfully                      D. nicely

29. The world's population is growing \_\_\_\_\_, and there is \_\_\_\_\_ land and water for growing rice.

A. larger; less                      B. larger; fewer                      C. more; less                      D. more; fewer

30. Be quiet, please. The students \_\_\_\_\_ a class now.

A. have                      B. had                      C. are having                      D. were having

31. People have realized how important the environment is, but still trees \_\_\_\_\_ in the world every year.

A. were cut down                      B. cut down  
C. are cut down                      D. will be cut down

32. Be careful! Don't walk on the grass, \_\_\_\_\_ it will "cry".

A. and                      B. but                      C. or                      D. so

33. I really don't know \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.

A. what to do; how to do  
B. what to do it; how to do it  
C. what to do it; how to do  
D. what to do; how to do it

34. —Could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_ now?

—Her mother says she is much better.

A. how Kate is                      B. where is Kate  
C. what Kate is                      D. who is Kate

35. —Oh, no! My mobile phone is missing! What am I going to do?

—\_\_\_\_\_ Go downstairs to the lost and found office. They may have it.

A. No way.                      B. Don't worry.  
C. That's no excuse!                      D. You've got no chance.



三、完形填空 (本大题共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

阅读下面的短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

It was the beginning of a new term. As a 36 teacher in that school, I didn't know any of the students. A little girl was standing at the gate of the classroom. She looked very shy.

I walked up to her and 37 why she stood there. But she said nothing. Then a boy shouted, "She is from Grade Four, the worst student in her grade." I looked at the little girl. She didn't seem to be the smart kind. I 38 why her teacher asked her to stay in Grade Three. I took her hand and 39 her into the classroom.

"Sit here. Now you are my student and I'm your teacher," I said. She still said nothing, but suddenly began to cry.

I later learnt that her parents died in a car accident. She became sad and didn't like talking to others after that. She learnt very 40. I gave her respect and never looked down upon her as I know everybody deserves (值得) respect. I helped her after school, and she was making 41 little by little. As time went by, she was not as 42 as before. At the end of the term, she seemed to have forgotten all her sadness. She was not among the best students when she left that school, but 43, she was not that shy and sad little girl any more.

In the following 44, she would send me a card on each Thanksgiving Day. Three days ago, I 45 an invitation to her wedding. And now, I am at her wedding, and she is smiling brightly.

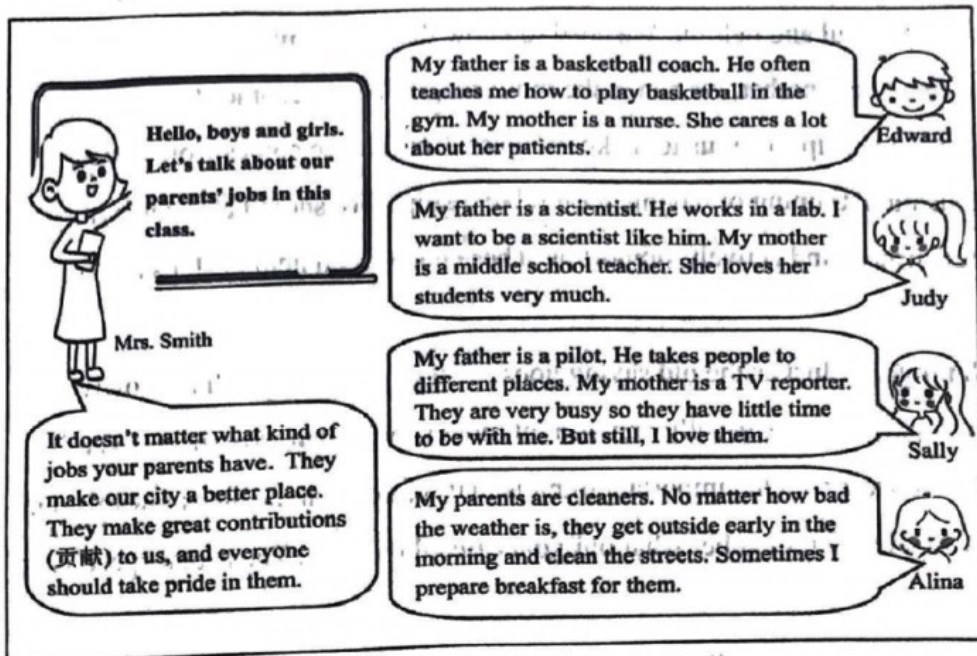
Everyone deserves respect and everyone can be happy.

- |                 |               |             |               |
|-----------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|
| 36. A. new      | B. beautiful  | C. strict   | D. famous     |
| 37. A. told     | B. answered   | C. knew     | D. asked      |
| 38. A. thought  | B. understood | C. forgot   | D. remembered |
| 39. A. poured   | B. threw      | C. led      | D. turned     |
| 40. A. slowly   | B. quietly    | C. well     | D. quickly    |
| 41. A. friends  | B. decision   | C. progress | D. surprises  |
| 42. A. smart    | B. shy        | C. angry    | D. careful    |
| 43. A. at least | B. at first   | C. at once  | D. at last    |
| 44. A. days     | B. weeks      | C. months   | D. years      |
| 45. A. wrote    | B. sent       | C. refused  | D. received   |

四、阅读理解 (本大题共 15 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 30 分)

阅读下面的短文, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 选项中选出一个最佳选项。





46. Where does the conversation probably take place?
- A. In the street.    B. In a hotel.    C. In a bank.    D. In a classroom.
47. How many kinds of jobs are mentioned?
- A. 4.    B. 6.    C. 7.    D. 10.
48. What does Judy's father do?
- A. A basketball coach.    B. A scientist.  
C. A pilot.    D. A cleaner.
49. Why do Sally's parents have little time to be with her?
- A. Because they have different jobs.  
B. Because they are very busy.  
C. Because Sally loves her parents.  
D. Because Sally's parents are nice people.
50. Mrs. Smith wants to tell the students \_\_\_\_.
- A. different jobs have different values (价值)  
B. we need to help our parents  
C. different people have different jobs  
D. we can only learn from our parents

## B

Progress means the act of going forward. Making any kind of progress can make us healthy and happy in life. By setting and actively working towards our goals, we can make progress in our life.



To make more progress in life, start looking at problems in a different way. Whatever happens, if we think positively, it can be useful and helpful. We need to know that problems are part of our life. After we solve problems one after another, we can make more progress and become stronger.

Having confidence (信心) is helpful for us to make progress. Confidence comes from different places, such as proper education, training or having good relationships. We should also stay with people who believe in our success and actively support us. These people can help push us towards progress.

Slow progress is still progress. Just as the old saying goes, "It does not matter how slowly you go as long as you do not stop." Progress usually comes a lot more slowly than we expect. Even if progress is slow, try not to be worried. One important thing is that we keep taking steps towards our goals, and another is that we clearly remember what our goals are all the time. The actual speed isn't important.

The road to progress is not always smooth. Most progress often comes with setbacks along the way. Sometimes, maybe it feels like we're taking one step forward and three steps back, but it won't always be like that. Keep going towards our goals and we can much more easily make the progress we want.

Progress doesn't always happen in a straight line. As long as we keep working, we will achieve higher levels.

51. What does progress make us do?

- A. Set lifelong goals.
- B. Go forward easily.
- C. Live healthily and happily.
- D. Think about new things.

52. What does Paragraph 3 tell us?

- A. We should support different people.
- B. Some people can push us to failure.
- C. Confidence helps us make progress.
- D. Different schools expect the same progress.

53. What does the writer say about slow progress?

- A. It often goes smoothly.
- B. It still means progress.
- C. It sometimes stops progress.
- D. It always gives us a clear mind.



54. Which word is close to the underlined word “setbacks” ?  
A. prizes                      B. advantages                      C. excuses                      D. difficulties

55. Which can be a proper title for the text?  
A. Ideas about Making Progress                      B. Keys to Speeding up Progress  
C. Meanings of Having Confidence                      D. Suggestions on Relationships

C

What will travel be like in 2070? Maybe travel will become smarter and easier by that time. Here are some amazing predictions about traveling that might happen in 2070.

#### At the airport

You will use “heartbeat passport(护照)” at the airport. And passport checks will not be used any more. Because everyone’s heartbeat is different and it can tell you who you are and where you will go. Also, it provides more personal information.

#### On the airplane

Airplane seats could fit a person’s body shape, size and even temperature. There will be no screens on the airplane. With a futuristic device(未来设备), you can watch many kinds of movies on the airplane right before your eyes.

#### In the hotel

3D print technology will develop surprisingly fast. It can print almost everything like clothes and food. Therefore, when you get to the hotel, suitcase will not be needed any more.

#### During the trip

The trip will become interesting and colorful. Many kinds of services will be provided during the trip. If you want to see what happened in the Ming Dynasty or the first Olympic Games, you can just wear a special headset or glasses.

56. What will travel be like in 2070 according to the passage?  
A. Smarter and easier.                      B. More expensive.  
C. More difficult.                      D. Much cheaper.
57. What does the underlined word “predictions” in Paragraph 1 probably mean?  
A. 因素                      B. 条件                      C. 重点                      D. 预测
58. You will use \_\_\_\_\_ at the airport instead of passport checks.  
A. heartbeat passport                      B. personal information  
C. personal body shape                      D. 3D print technology





59. 3D print technology can\_\_\_\_\_.
- A. help us to check passports
  - B. provide many kinds of movies
  - C. print almost everything like clothes and food
  - D. take us to see the first Olympic Games
60. What is the best title of the passage?
- A. Heartbeat Passport
  - B. A Futuristic Device
  - C. 3D Print Technology
  - D. Travel in 2070

五、补全对话（本大题共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

根据对话的内容，从方框内选择恰当的句子将对话补充完整（选项中有两项是多余的）。

- A: Hello !
- B: Hi, John. \_\_\_\_\_ 61 \_\_\_\_\_ You weren't at the party last Saturday.
- A: I'm on vacation right now.
- B: Great. \_\_\_\_\_ 62 \_\_\_\_\_
- A: I'm afraid not. It's an unusual beach. In my opinion, the fewer people, the better.
- B: \_\_\_\_\_ 63 \_\_\_\_\_
- A: That's true. The sun is shining brightly and the sea is so beautiful.
- B: \_\_\_\_\_ 64 \_\_\_\_\_
- A: Nothing much. I just read and rest every day. In fact, I was asleep before you call.
- B: Oh, I'm sorry. \_\_\_\_\_ 65 \_\_\_\_\_
- A: Thanks. See you next week.

- A. Where are you ?
- B. That sounds nice.
- C. Is it a place I know ?
- D. Have a nice vacation.
- E. Are there many people at the party?
- F. What's the weather like there ?
- G. Did you do anything special there?



## 第 II 卷

注意事项:

1. 用黑色墨水的钢笔或签字笔将答案写在“答题卡”上。
2. 本卷共四大题, 共 40 分。

### 六、完成句子 (本大题共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

根据所给中文意思完成句子, 每空限填一词。

66. 我喜欢亲自去一个国家体验当地的文化。

I like to go to a country to experience the local culture \_\_\_\_\_.

67. 上个月, 我回到家乡, 看望了我的亲朋好友。

I \_\_\_\_\_ to my hometown and visited my relatives and friends last month.

68. 玲玲喜欢在网上搜索资料来帮助自己学习。

Lingling likes \_\_\_\_\_ information on the Internet to help herself learn something.

69. 尽管工作辛苦, 但我乐在其中。

\_\_\_\_\_ the job is very hard, I enjoy it.

70. 小心! 别从椅子上摔下来。

Look out! Don't \_\_\_\_\_ the chair.

### 七、任务型阅读 (本大题共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

阅读短文并完成后面的小题

Do you have any experiences like these? When the teacher asks if anyone can speak in front of the class, you lower your head. When you go to the restroom or dining hall, you always try to find someone to go with you because you are afraid of being seen alone. Well, many people have these kinds of experiences. They are feeling social anxiety (社交恐惧). People with social anxiety may easily communicate with family members and close friends. But meeting new friends, talking in public can make them very shy and nervous. A recent survey from China Youth Daily showed that about 45 percent of the 1,560 interviewees (受访者) said they experienced social anxiety.

Stefan G. Hofmann, an expert from Boston University, the US said that social anxiety is probably “a result of the fear that we will not be welcome”. For Chinese kids, there’s another reason for their anxiety. Shu Man from East China Jiaotong University said, “Most of them are the only child in their families, so they don’t have many chances to practice their social skills.” But how to be



social and improve your social skills? People can follow these methods.

Firstly, work on your self-worth. Stop thinking of things that make you down. Do your best to stop comparing yourself with others. Secondly, start smiling and use a welcoming body language. Remember to give others a hug when you meet them. Stop looking at your phone all the time. Lastly, just be yourself. Take every chance to hang out with new people and those you like. Don't hide yourself in your own world.

71. People with social anxiety may feel relaxed when they communicate with \_\_\_\_\_.
72. In the recent survey, about \_\_\_\_\_ people said they experienced social anxiety.
73. Social anxiety may be a result of the fear that they \_\_\_\_\_.
74. Most of Chinese kids don't have many chances to practice their social skills because they \_\_\_\_\_.
75. The last paragraph of the passage mainly tells us \_\_\_\_\_.

#### 八、综合填空（本大题共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

How can you do calculations(计算) quickly? These days, you are a \_\_\_\_\_76 to use a calculator (计算器). But how about people in ancient times? In the very beginning, the cleverest among them thought of using stones. Then, around the 2nd century B. C. Chinese b \_\_\_\_\_77 to use the abacuses (算盘). Now some researchers c \_\_\_\_\_78 it to be the world's oldest calculator. In China, people used abacuses to do calculations for thousands of years b \_\_\_\_\_79 electronic calculators became popular.

The abacus is usually made of wood. It has many beads(珠子). Each bead above the horizontal divider (水平分隔器) s \_\_\_\_\_80 for five, and each bead below the divider means one. By moving the beads with fingers up or down, one can do all kinds of calculations.

It is great to watch a skilled hand use an abacus. You can watch f \_\_\_\_\_81 move and beads knock. And after a few seconds, the result comes out. Through lots of p \_\_\_\_\_82, you can use the abacus well. In the past, the abacus was used in all schools. It was considered to be a b \_\_\_\_\_83 skill that everybody needed to pick up.

Today, p \_\_\_\_\_84 you can hardly see abacuses because they are no longer widely used. However, we can still feel the important role they once played. Abacuses have become a symbol of much money. Some have come to b \_\_\_\_\_85 that abacuses can bring their owners wealth. People often give a new baby a golden abacus-shaped amulet (护身符) as a present. It is thought that the amulet will help the kid grow up and become a rich person.



九、书面表达 (本大题共 15 分)

86. 假如你是光华中学初三 2 班的学生李华, 你经常用英语给你的笔友 Tony 写信, 请根据以下要点, 给 Tony 写一封信介绍上周班里发生的一些情况, 并表达自己的看法.

- (1) 上周一, 班里来了一名叫王明的新同学, 个子很高, 戴着眼镜。
- (2) 课上回答老师问题时, 他的口音让一些同学哄堂大笑; 他很紧张, 没能回答出问题, 感到害羞; 老师鼓励了他。
- (3) 下课后很多同学对他微笑, 并主动提供帮助, 与他交朋友。
- (4) 你认为.....

参考词汇: 口音 accent

要求:

- (1) 词数: 80~100 个;
- (2) 信的格式和开头已给出, 不计入总词数;
- (3) 要点齐全, 行文连贯, 可适当发挥。

Dear Tony,

How are you! I am writing to tell you something in my class. Last Monday, \_\_\_\_\_

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I am looking forward to your letter. \_

Yours

Li Hua

